DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY (GRAD)

Contact Information
Department of Physics and Astronomy
Visit Program Website (http://www.physics.unc.edu)

Christian Iliadis, Chair

The Department of Physics and Astronomy offers graduate work leading to the degrees of master of science and doctor of philosophy.

The active fields of research are biophysics, medical physics, condensed-matter physics, materials physics, nanotechnology, nuclear physics, neutrino physics and nuclear astrophysics, quantum field theory, theoretical particle physics, general relativity and gravitation, extragalactic and stellar astronomy, and astrophysics. Students can also work in the UNC–Chapel Hill biophysics program. The graduate courses are designed to give students a broad foundation and to introduce them to the special fields in which the research interests of the department lie.

The general regulations of The Graduate School govern the work for the degrees of master of science and doctor of philosophy. To begin a graduate program in physics or astrophysics, the student should have completed most of the requirements for the degree of bachelor of science with a major in physics at the University, or their equivalent elsewhere. The minimum prerequisite for graduate study consists of the basic undergraduate courses:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 118</td>
<td>Introductory Calculus-based Mechanics and Relativity</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 119</td>
<td>Introductory Calculus-based Electromagnetism and Quanta</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 128L</td>
<td>Modern Physics Laboratory</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 311</td>
<td>Electromagnetism I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 401</td>
<td>Mechanics I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 412</td>
<td>Electromagnetism II</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 421</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 441</td>
<td>Thermal Physics</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 521</td>
<td>Applications of Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>3</td>
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Together with the following courses:

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<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 232</td>
<td>Calculus of Functions of One Variable II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 233</td>
<td>Calculus of Functions of Several Variables H</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 528</td>
<td>Mathematical Methods for the Physical Sciences I</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

Total Hours 38

H Honors version available. An honors course fulfills the same requirements as the nonhonors version of that course. Enrollment and GPA restrictions may apply.

Research Interests

Astronomy and Astrophysics
Research includes the formation, structure, and evolution of stars, our Milky Way galaxy, evolution and dynamics of galaxies, gamma ray bursters, cosmology, numerical relativity and sources of gravitational radiation, stellar seismology and quasars, exo-planets, and interstellar medium physics. UNC–Chapel Hill has guaranteed observing time on the 4.1-meter SOAR Telescope in Chile and on the 11-meter SALT Telescope in South Africa. UNC–Chapel Hill operates a number of smaller robotic telescopes as well and maintains multiple astronomical instrumentation laboratories dedicated to adaptive optics and state-of-the-art spectroscopy.

Biological and Medical Physics
Experimental studies include manipulation and force measurement techniques with applications to DNA, molecular motors, cells, and cilia, and hydration effects in adsorption of biochemicals. There is also a strong focus on the theoretical and experimental translational research in medical imaging technologies, including radiotherapy instruments based on carbon nanotube X-ray emitters such as single-cell irradiation and in vivo micro-CT; optical coherence tomography with nanoparticle molecular imaging agents; and systems-level implementation of tomographic imaging instruments.

Condensed-Matter Physics
Experimental and theoretical studies of nanomaterials. Atomic scale studies of devices and nanoelectromechanical systems, including quantum computation and transport, actuating nanomotors and sensors, amorphous materials, semiconductors, superconductors, the optical properties of solids, charge transport in solids and fluids, epitaxial growth, magnetic materials and heterostructures.

Field Theory, Particle Physics, Cosmology, Gravitation and Relativity
Research includes gauge field theories, quantum chromodynamics, electroweak theory, grand unified theories, string theory, supersymmetry, supergravity, quantum gravity, theoretical cosmology, numerical relativity, gravitational radiation, and relativistic astrophysics.

Materials Science and Materials Physics
Experimental and theoretical research in the design, synthesis, integration, and characterization of novel solid state materials, including nanostructured materials such as quantum dots, carbon nanotubes and nanorods, quasi-crystals, and metallic glass. Applications of novel materials for solar energy, electron field emission, probes and sensors, and data storage. Applications include flat-panel displays, an X-ray system for biomedical imaging, and rechargeable batteries.

Nuclear Physics
Experimental and theoretical work includes neutrino oscillations and neutrino mass measurements, fundamental symmetries and weak interactions in supernovae. The structure and evolution of stars are investigated using nuclear probes. The origin of the elements in the universe is studied using local accelerator facilities. The nature of the nuclear force and properties of few-body systems. Polarized beams of light ions and gamma-rays and polarized 3He target. Applied nuclear physics.

Facilities and Equipment
Research in physics and astronomy is carried out in laboratories on and off the Chapel Hill campus. Within Phillips Hall and Chapman Hall there are several major research laboratories including the "nanomanipulator" (a combination of a scanning electron microscope, an atomic force microscope, and sophisticated visualization graphics); the Keck Laboratory for Atomic Imaging and Manipulation, which includes two transmission electron microscopes; and the Goodman Laboratory for Astronomical Instrumentation. Other facilities include apparatus for...
nuclear magnetic resonance studies, scanning probe microscopes, and Raman and optical spectrometers. For synthesis and fabrication, major facilities include molecular beam epitaxy, microwave plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition, laser ablation, and photolithography and reactive ion etching. Resources for highly parallel computing are provided by UNC's Information and Technology Services as well as by national centers.

The department is a partner in the Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory and plays a major role in experiments using the Laboratory for Experimental Nuclear Astrophysics (LENA), Tandem Accelerator, and the High-Intensity Gamma-Ray Source at the Free Electron Laser facility. UNC–Chapel Hill has an active program in low-background physics at the KURF underground facility near Blacksburg, VA. UNC–Chapel Hill has a 0.6-meter on-campus telescope and is a major partner in the 4.1-meter SOAR Telescope in Chile and the 11-meter Southern African Large Telescope (SALT) in South Africa. The department operates the PROMPT array of robotic telescopes in Chile and manages the SkyNet array of robotic telescopes. Numerous national laboratories, including Oak Ridge, Brookhaven, NIST, Los Alamos, and Argonne, as well as KamLAND, NRAO, NOAA, the Hubble Space Telescope, and the Chandra X-ray Observatory are also vital parts of our research efforts.

Fellowships and Assistantships
Teaching Assistantships (with stipends of $18,566.25 for nine months) are available to qualified graduate students. Summer employment is usually available. The duties of assistants include supervising laboratory classes in introductory physics or astronomy, supporting the supervision of advanced laboratories; teaching recitation sections, and grading assignments. Graduate School fellowships are available for well-qualified applicants to the department's graduate program. Graduate students can usually be supported in the summer by teaching or research.

Research assistantships are also offered, especially to those who have completed a year or two of graduate work. The stipend is at least $24,755 for the calendar year.

Application forms for admission, including graduate appointments, should be completed online (http://gradschool.unc.edu/admissions/).

The purpose of the graduate program is to educate professional scientists at the Ph.D. level. The training prepares students for careers on university and college faculties; in industrial research and development facilities; in government laboratories and research centers; and in a variety of other scientific and technical venues. Scientific training at this level is achieved through classroom study in the core areas of the discipline common to all subfields of physics and astronomy, as well as in specialized areas at the advanced level. With this foundation, training will continue by engaging in a program of research, in partnership with one or more faculty members, which results in original work of scientific scholarship in the form of a doctoral dissertation. This research may consist of experimental, theoretical, observational, or computational work; or it may combine elements of several or all of these. The general regulations of The Graduate School govern the work for graduate degrees in physics and astronomy. Specific requirements summarized below. Detailed information may be obtained from the department.

A candidate for a Ph.D. degree must complete the following requirements:

1. Pass the doctoral written exam in four of the following seven core courses: PHYS 701, 712, 721, 741, ASTR 711, 712, 719, and completing a research or literature review paper.
2. Pass the teaching seminar (PHYS 510) and the introductory graduate seminar (PHYS 885).
3. Completing course work in four additional electives at a satisfactory level. Generally, only courses numbered 600 or higher count for graduate level course credit.
4. Passing the preliminary oral exam, presenting the thesis prospectus.
5. Acquiring two semesters of teaching experience as TA or equivalent.
6. Writing a Ph.D. thesis and successfully defending it during a final oral examination.

The department does not offer a terminal M.S. degree, but students are encouraged to acquire the M.S. degree (non-thesis option) as an additional milestone during their thesis work. All course work (see above) needs to be completed by the semester in which the M.S. degree is defended.

Professors
Gerald N. Cecil, Experimental Astrophysics
Arthur E. Champagne, Experimental Nuclear Physics and Astrophysics
James Christopher Clemens, Observational Astronomy, Astrophysics, Astronomical Instrumentation
Louise A. Dolan, Theoretical Particle Physics, Quantum Gravity
Jonathan H. Engel, Theoretical Nuclear Physics
Charles R. Evans, Gravity, Relativity, Theoretical Astrophysics
Fabian Heitsch, Computational Astrophysics
Reyco Henning, Neutrino Physics, Particle Astrophysics
Christian Iliadis, Experimental Nuclear Astrophysics
Robert Victor Janssens, Experimental Nuclear Physics and Astrophysics
Sheila Kannappan, Observational Extragalactic Astronomy
Dmitri V. Khveshchenko, Theoretical Quantum Many-body Physics, Holographic Principle
Rene Lopez, Experimental Condensed Matter Physics
Jianping Lu, Medical Imaging Physics, AI, Nanotechnology, Computational and Condensed Matter Theory
Laura Mersini-Houghton, Theoretical Cosmology
Laure E. McNeil, Experimental Condensed Matter and Materials Physics
Yee Jack Ng, Theoretical Particle Physics, Gravitation
Amy Lynn Oldenburg, Biological and Medical Physics, Biophotonics
Lu-Chang Qin, Materials Science, Nanotechnology
Daniel E. Reichart, Gamma Ray Bursts, Early Universe, Inter stellar Extinction, Galaxy Clusters
Frank Tsui, Experimental Condensed Matter and Materials Physics
Sean Washburn, Experimental Condensed Matter and Materials Physics
John Franklin Wilkerson, Experimental Neutrino Physics and Fundamental Symmetries
Yue Wu, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance, Electron Spin Resonance in Solids
Otto Z. Zhou, Materials Science, Nanotechnology

Associate Professors
Rosa Tamara Branca, Nuclear Spin Hyperpolarization-Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Spectroscopy, Biomedical and Biomolecular Imaging
Joaquin Emiliano Drut, Theory of Strongly Interacting Systems
Adrienne Lynn Erickcek, Theoretical Astrophysics and Cosmology
Nicholas M. Law, Exoplanets, Time-domain Astronomy, Data Science, Astronomical Instrumentation

Assistant Professors
Akaa Daniel Ayangeakaa, Experimental Nuclear Structure Physics
Gökçe Başar, Theoretical Nuclear and Particle Physics
Julieta Gruszko, Experimental Neutrino Physics
Andrew W. Mann, Observational Astronomy, Stars and Exoplanets
Amy Nicole Nicholson, Theoretical Nuclear Physics, Computational Lattice Quantum Chromodynamics

Research Professors
Michael R. Falvo, Biophysics, Nanomechanics
Alfred Kleinhammes, Condensed Matter Physics, Materials Science

Research Associate Professor
David B. Hill, Biophysics

Research Associate Professor
Christina Redmon Inscoe, Medical Physics

Teaching Associate Professors
Alice Churukian, Physics Education Research
Duane Deardorff, Physics Education Research
Stefan Jeglinski, Electronics and Microcontrollers, Machine Learning
Colin Wallace, Physics Education Research

Teaching Assistant Professor
Daniel Edward Young, Physics Education Research and Applied Game Theory

Adjunct Professors
Steven Mark Christensen, Gravitation, Quantum Field Theory, Black Holes, Cosmology
Brand Fortner, Astrophysics
David Clarke Radford, Nuclear Physics
Ryan M. Rohm, Quantum Field Theory, Theoretical Particle Physics
John Michael Shull, Experimental Astrophyysics
Gregory Clayton Sloan, Experimental Astrophysics
Rachel Lofsky Smith, Observational Astronomy
Richard Superfine, Experimental Studies of Interfaces, Biophysics
Jie Tang, Materials Physics, Nanomaterials

Adjunct Associate Professor
Yueh Z. Lee, Medical Physics

Adjunct Assistant Professor
Thomas Osburn, Gravity, Relativity, Theoretical Astrophysics

Professors Emeriti
Charle V. Briscoe
Bruce Carney
Wayne Christiansen
Thomas Clegg
Kian S. Dy
John P. Hernandez
Hugon J. Karwowski
J. Ross Macdonald
Nalin Parikh
James A. Rose
Dietrich Schroer
William J. Thompson
James W. York Jr.

ASTR

Advanced Undergraduate and Graduate-level Courses

ASTR 501. Astrophysics I (Stellar Astrophysics). 3 Credits.
An introduction to the study of stellar structure and evolution. Topics covered include observational techniques, stellar structure and energy transport, nuclear energy sources, evolution off the main-sequence, and supernovae.
Requisites: Prerequisites, ASTR 202 or ASTR 301, MATH 383, and PHYS 331; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 502. Astrophysics II (Modern Research in Astrophysics). 3 Credits.
An introduction to modern research in astrophysics based on scientific journal articles addressing a current topic of interest in galactic or extragalactic astrophysics, including training in computer modeling and statistical analysis, culminating in the completion of a research project.
Requisites: Prerequisites, ASTR 202 or ASTR 301, and MATH 383; pre- or corequisite, PHYS 331.
Gen Ed: EE- Mentored Research.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 503. Structure and Evolution of Galaxies. 3 Credits.
Overview of the structure and evolution of galaxies, with emphasis on learning and applying modern research methods such as scientific literature review and computational astrostastistics. Includes galaxy morphology and dynamics, star formation, active galactic nuclei, galaxy interactions, large-scale clustering, environment-dependent physical processes, and the evolution of the galaxy population over cosmic time.
Requisites: Prerequisites, ASTR 202 or ASTR 301, MATH 383, and PHYS 331.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 504. Cosmology. 3 Credits.
An introduction to modern cosmology: the study of the contents and evolution of the universe. Covers expanding spacetime, the thermal history of the early universe, including nucleosynthesis and the cosmic microwave background, the inflationary model for the origins of cosmic structure, and the growth of that structure through time.
Requisites: Prerequisites, ASTR 202 or ASTR 301, and PHYS 401; pre- or corequisite, PHYS 421.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 505. Physics of Interstellar Gas. 3 Credits.
Surveys the physical processes governing the interstellar medium (ISM), which takes up the "refuse" of old stars while providing fuel for young stars forming. Covers the processes regulating the galactic gas budget and the corresponding observational diagnostics. Topics: radiative transfer, line formation mechanisms, continuum radiation, gas dynamics, star formation.
Requisites: Prerequisites, ASTR 202 or ASTR 301, MATH 383, and PHYS 331.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 519. Observational Astronomy. 4 Credits.
An introduction to modern techniques in observational astronomy with an emphasis on optical and near-infrared wavelengths. Topics covered include celestial coordinates, practical python for astronomy, telescopes and CCDs, spectroscopy, astrostatistics, and mining large astronomical surveys. Three lecture and three laboratory hours a week.
Requisites: Prerequisite, ASTR 102 or 202; Pre- or corequisite, PHYS 331; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.
Graduate-level Courses

ASTR 701. Stellar Interiors, Evolution, and Populations. 3 Credits.
Stellar structure and evolution, including equations of stellar structure, stellar models, star and planet formation, fusion and nucleosynthesis, stellar evolution, stellar remnants, and the comparison of theory to observations.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 702. High Energy Astrophysics. 3 Credits.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 711 and 721.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 703. Structure and Evolution of Galaxies. 3 Credits.
Overview of the structure and evolution of galaxies, with emphasis on learning and applying modern research methods such as scientific literature review and computational astrostatistics. Includes galaxy morphology and dynamics, star formation, active galactic nuclei, galaxy interactions, large-scale clustering, environment-dependent physical processes, and the evolution of the galaxy population over cosmic time.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 704. Cosmology. 3 Credits.
General relativity and cosmological world models; thermal history of the early universe, nucleosynthesis, and the cosmic microwave background; growth of structure through cosmic time.
Requisites: Co-requisite, PHYS 701.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 705. Physics of Interstellar Gas. 3 Credits.
Surveys the physical processes governing the interstellar medium (ISM), which takes up the "refuse" of old stars while providing fuel for young stars forming. Covers the processes regulating the galactic gas budget and the corresponding observational diagnostics. Topics: radiative transfer, line formation mechanisms, continuum radiation, gas dynamics, star formation.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 711 and 721.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 719. Astronomical Data. 4 Credits.
Required preparation, physics-based cosmology course or permission of the instructor. A course designed to familiarize the student with observational techniques in optical and radio astronomy, including application of photography, spectroscopy, photometry, and radio methods. Three lecture and three laboratory hours a week.
Grading status: Letter grade.

ASTR 891. Seminar in Astrophysics. 1-21 Credits.
Recent observational and theoretical developments in stellar, galactic, and extragalactic astrophysics.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS

Advanced Undergraduate and Graduate-level Courses

PHYS 401. Mechanics I. 3 Credits.
Requisites: Pre- or corequisites, MATH 383 and PHYS 331; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 405. Biological Physics. 3 Credits.
How diffusion, entropy, electrostatics, and hydrophobicity generate order and force in biology. Topics include DNA manipulation, intracellular transport, cell division, molecular motors, single molecule biophysics techniques, nerve impulses, neuroscience.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 116 and 117, or PHYS 118 and 119.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: BIOL 431, BMME 435.

PHYS 410. Teaching and Learning Physics. 4 Credits.
Learning how to teach physics using current research-based methods. Includes extensive fieldwork in high school and college environments. Meets part of the licensure requirements for North Carolina public school teaching.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 116 and 117, or PHYS 118 and 119; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Gen Ed: EE- Field Work.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 412. Electromagnetism II. 3 Credits.
Electrodynamics: Maxwell's equations and their application to electromagnetic waves, radiation, and relativity.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 311 and 332; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 421. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Requisites: Prerequisites, MATH 383, and 347, or PHYS 331; pre- or corequisite, PHYS 201, or 401; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 422. Physics of the Earth's Interior. 3 Credits.
Requisites: Prerequisites, MATH 383, and either PHYS 201 and 211 or 311 and 401.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: GEOL 422.

PHYS 424. General Physics I. 4 Credits.
This course is specifically for certification of high school teachers. Students may not receive credit for both PHYS 424 and PHYS 104 or 114.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 425. General Physics II. 4 Credits.
This course is specifically for certification of high school teachers. Students may not receive credit for both PHYS 425 and PHYS 105 or 115.
Grading status: Letter grade.
PHYS 441. Thermal Physics. 3 Credits.
Equilibrium statistical mechanics; the laws of thermodynamics, internal energy, enthalpy, entropy, thermodynamic potentials, Maxwell's relations.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, MATH 233, and PHYS 117 or 119; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
**Grading status:** Letter grade
Same as: BMME 441.

PHYS 471. Physics of Solid State Electronic Devices. 3 Credits.
Properties of crystal lattices, electrons in energy bands, behavior of majority and minority charge carriers, PN junctions related to the structure and function of semiconductor diodes, transistors, display devices.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, PHYS 117 or 119; pre- or corequisite, PHYS 211 or 311.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 472. Chemistry and Physics of Electronic Materials Processing. 3 Credits.
Permission of the instructor. A survey of materials processing and characterization used in fabricating microelectronic devices. Crystal growth, thin film deposition and etching, and microlithography.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, CHEM 482 or PHYS 117 or 119.
**Grading status:** Letter grade
Same as: APPL 472, CHEM 472.

PHYS 481L. Advanced Laboratory I. 2 Credits.
Selected experiments illustrating modern techniques such as the use of laser technology to study the interaction of electromagnetic fields and matter. Six laboratory hours a week.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, PHYS 281L, and PHYS 351 or 352; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 491L. Materials Laboratory I. 2 Credits.
Structure determination and measurement of the optical, electrical, and magnetic properties of solids.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, APPL 470 and PHYS 351.
**Grading status:** Letter grade
Same as: APPL 491L.

PHYS 492L. Materials Laboratory II. 2 Credits.
Continuation of PHYS 491L with emphasis on low- and high-temperature behavior, the physical and chemical behavior of lattice imperfections and amorphous materials, and the nature of radiation damage.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, APPL 491L or PHYS 491L.
**Grading status:** Letter grade
Same as: APPL 492L.

PHYS 510. Seminar for Physics and Astronomy Teaching Assistants. 1 Credit.
How students learn and understand physics and astronomy. How to teach using current research-based methods.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 515. Optics. 3 Credits.
Broad coverage including ray, wave, Gaussian, and Fourier optics. Interference, diffraction, polarization, and coherence. Optical properties of materials, absorption, scattering. Fiber optics, lasers, semiconductors, imaging, and special topics. Previously offered as PHYS 415.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, PHYS 311 and 412; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 521. Applications of Quantum Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Emphasizes atomic physics but includes topics from nuclear, solid state, and particle physics, such as energy levels, the periodic system, selection rules, and fundamentals of spectroscopy.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, PHYS 421.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 543. Nuclear Physics. 3 Credits.
Structure of nucleons and nuclei, nuclear models, forces and interactions, nuclear reactions.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, PHYS 421; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 545. Introductory Elementary Particle Physics. 3 Credits.
Relativistic kinematics, symmetries and conservation laws, elementary particles and bound states, gauge theories, quantum electrodynamics, chromodynamics, electroweak unification, standard model and beyond.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, PHYS 412 and 421.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 573. Introductory Solid State Physics. 3 Credits.
Crystal symmetry, types of crystalline solids; electron and mechanical waves in crystals, electrical and magnetic properties of solids, semiconductors; low temperature phenomena; imperfections in nearly perfect crystals.
**Requisites:** Prerequisite, PHYS 421; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
**Grading status:** Letter grade
Same as: APPL 573.

PHYS 581. Renewable Electric Power Systems. 3 Credits.
Broad and quantitative study of renewable electric power systems: wind systems, photovoltaic cells, distributed generation (concentrating solar power, microhydro, biomass), and the economics of these technologies.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, BIOL 101L, and 202 or 271; and PHYS 131, and 131L or 281L, and 201 or 401, and 211 or 311, and 351; pre- or corequisites, CHEM 261 and 481.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 582. Decarbonizing Fuels. 3 Credits.
Assess quantitatively the feasibility of powering humanity without increasing release of climate-altering carbon dioxide and other organic greenhouse gases into the atmosphere. Can these gases be removed? Which bio-chemical-physical novelties may scale to meet growing demand and at what cost?
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, BIOL 101L, and 202 or 271; and PHYS 131, and 131L or 281L, and 201 or 401, and 211 or 311, and 351; pre- or corequisites, CHEM 261 and 481.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.

PHYS 585. Imaging Science: From Cells to Stars. 3 Credits.
Fundamentals of imaging as applied to biological, medical and astronomy imaging systems. Physics of radiation and particle sources, image formation and detection physics. Principles of optics, coherence, Fourier methods, statistics, especially as they cross disciplinary boundaries for new opportunities in imaging.
**Requisites:** Prerequisites, MATH 233 and PHYS 118.
**Grading status:** Letter grade.
Phys 594. Nonlinear Dynamics. 3 Credits.
Interdisciplinary introduction to nonlinear dynamics and chaos. Fixed points, bifurcations, strange attractors, with applications to physics, biology, chemistry, finance.
Requisites: Prerequisite, MATH 383; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: MATH 594.

Phys 631. Mathematical Methods of Theoretical Physics. 3 Credits.
Linear vector spaces and matrices, curvilinear coordinates, functions of complex variables, ordinary and partial differential equations, Fourier series, integral transforms, special functions, differential forms.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 281L and 332.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 632. Advanced Research Analytics. 3 Credits.
Required preparation, ability to program in a high-level computer language. Permission of the instructor for students lacking the required preparation. Methods required for the analysis, interpretation, and evaluation of physics measurements and theory. Error analysis, statistical tests, model fitting, parameter estimation, Monte Carlo methods, Bayesian inference, noise mitigation, experimental design, big data, selected numerical techniques including differential equations and Fourier techniques.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 633. Scientific Programming. 3 Credits.
Required preparation, elementary Fortran, C, or Pascal programming. Structured programming in Fortran or Pascal; use of secondary storage and program packages; numerical methods for advanced problems, error propagation and computational efficiency; symbolic mathematics by computer.
Requisites: Prerequisite, MATH 528 or 529, or PHYS 631 or 632.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 660. Fluid Dynamics. 3 Credits.
The physical properties of fluids, kinematics, governing equations, viscous incompressible flow, vorticity dynamics, boundary layers, irrotational incompressible flow.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 401; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: MASC 560, ENVR 452, GEOL 560.

Phys 671L. Independent Laboratory I. 3 Credits.
Six laboratory hours a week.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 401 and 412; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 672L. Independent Laboratory II. 3 Credits.
Six laboratory hours a week.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 401 and 412; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisites.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 691H. Senior Honor Thesis Research I. 3 Credits.
Permission of the instructor. Readings in physics and directed research for a senior honor thesis project. Required of all candidates for graduation with honors in physics.
Gen Ed: EE- Mentored Research.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 692H. Senior Honor Thesis Research II. 3 Credits.
Readings in physics and directed research for a senior honor thesis project. Required of all candidates for graduation with honors in physics.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 691H.
Gen Ed: EE- Mentored Research.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Graduate-level Courses

Phys 701. Classical Dynamics. 3 Credits.
Requisites: Prerequisite, advanced undergraduate mechanics.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 711. Electromagnetic Theory I. 3 Credits.
Electrostatics, magnetostatics, time-varying fields, Maxwell's equations.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 631 and 632.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 712. Electromagnetic Theory. 3 Credits.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 715. Visualization in the Sciences. 3 Credits.
Computational visualization applied in the natural sciences. For both computer science and natural science students. Available techniques and their characteristics, based on human perception, using software visualization toolkits. Project course.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: COMP 715, MTSC 715.

Phys 721. Quantum Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Review of nonrelativistic quantum mechanics. Spin, angular momentum, perturbation theory, scattering, identical particles, Hartree-Fock method, Dirac equation, radiation theory.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 421.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 722. Quantum Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Review of nonrelativistic quantum mechanics. Spin, angular momentum, perturbation theory, scattering, identical particles, Hartree-Fock method, Dirac equation, radiation theory.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 421.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 741. Statistical Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Classical and quantal statistical mechanics, ensembles, partition functions, ideal Fermi and Bose gases.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 701 and 721.
Grading status: Letter grade.

Phys 771L. Advanced Spectroscopic Techniques. 3 Credits.
Advanced spectroscopic techniques, including Rutherford backscattering-channeling, perturbed angular correlation, Raman scattering, electron paramagnetic resonance, nuclear magnetic resonance, optical absorption, and Hall effect. Two hours of lecture and three hours of laboratory a week.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 401 or 412; permission of the instructor for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.
PHYS 772L. Advanced Spectroscopic Techniques. 3 Credits.
Advanced spectroscopic techniques, including Rutherford 
backscattering-channeling, perturbed angular correlation, Raman 
scattering, electron paramagnetic resonance, nuclear magnetic 
resonance, optical absorption and Hall effect. One hour of lecture and five 
hours of laboratory a week.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 401 or 412; permission of the instructor 
for students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 821. Advanced Quantum Mechanics. 3 Credits.
Advanced angular momentum, atomic and molecular theory, many-body 
theory, quantum field theory.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 722.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 822. Field Theory. 3 Credits.
Quantum field theory, path integrals, gauge invariance, renormalization 
group, Higgs mechanism, electroweak theory, quantum chromodynamics, 
Standard Model, unified field theories.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 722.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 823. Field Theory. 3 Credits.
Quantum field theory, path integrals, gauge invariance, renormalization 
group, Higgs mechanism, electroweak theory, quantum chromodynamics, 
Standard Model, unified field theories.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 722.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 824. Group Theory and its Applications. 3 Credits.
Required preparation, knowledge of matrices, mechanics, and quantum 
mechanics. Discrete and continuous groups. Representation theory.
Application to atomic, molecular, solid state, nuclear, and particle physics.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 829. Principles of Magnetic Resonance. 3 Credits.
Prerequisite, CHEM 781 or PHYS 721; permission of the instructor for 
students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 831. Differential Geometry in Modern Physics. 3 Credits.
Applications to electrodynamics, general relativity, and nonabelian 
gauge theories of methods of differential geometry, including tensors, 
spinors, differential forms, connections and curvature, covariant exterior 
derivatives, and Lie derivatives.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 701, 711, and 712.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 832. General Theory of Relativity. 3 Credits.
Differential geometry of space-time. Tensor fields and forms. Curvature, 
geodesics. Einstein's gravitational field equations. Tests of Einstein's 
theory. Applications to astrophysics and cosmology.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 831; permission of the instructor for 
students lacking the prerequisite.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 861. Nuclear Physics. 3 Credits.
Nuclear reactions, scattering, nuclear structure, nuclear astrophysics.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 543 and 721.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 862. Nuclear Physics. 3 Credits.
Overview of Standard Model of particle physics. Fundamental 
symmetries and weak interactions. Neutrino physics. Particle-
astrophysics and cosmology.
Requisites: Prerequisites, PHYS 543 and 721.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 871. Solid State Physics. 3 Credits.
Equivalent experience for students lacking the prerequisite. Topics 
considered include those of PHYS 573, but at a more advanced 
level, and in addition a detailed discussion of the interaction of 
waves (electromagnetic, elastic, and electron waves) with periodic 
structures, e.g., X-ray diffraction, phonons, band theory of metals and 
semiconductors.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 421.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: MTSC 871.

PHYS 872. Solid State Physics II. 3 Credits.
Topics considered include quantum and thermal fluctuations, and 
thermodynamics of phase transitions in a broad variety of condensed 
matter systems, their kinetic theory and hydrodynamics, novel materials 
two-dimensional electron gas, graphene, topological insulators and 
superconductors, Dirac/Weyl/nodal line semimetals), condensed 
matter applications of modern field-theoretical methods (path integral, 
renormalization group, holography).
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 871.
Grading status: Letter grade
Same as: MTSC 872.

PHYS 873. Theory of the Solid State. 3 Credits.
Calculation of one-electron energy band structure. Electron-hole 
correlation effect and excitons. Theory of spin waves. Many-body 
techniques in solid state problems including theory of superconductivity.
Requisites: Prerequisite, PHYS 722.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 883. Current Advances in Physics. 3 Credits.
Permission of the instructor. In recent years, elementary particle physics, 
amorphous solids, neutrinos, and electron microscopy have been among 
the topics discussed.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 885. Introductory Graduate Seminar in Physics and Astronomy. 1 
Credit.
Introduction to skills needed for success in graduate courses and 
research, including practice using general-purpose mathematical/ 
computational tools, assessment of the research landscape and research 
project design, preparing a proposal, and participating in peer review. 
Professional development topics such as ethics and etiquette, time 
management, and career planning are also covered.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 893. Seminar in Solid State Physics. 1-21 Credits.
Research topics in condensed-matter physics, with emphasis on current 
experimental and theoretical studies.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 895. Seminar in Nuclear Physics. 1-21 Credits.
Current research topics in low-energy nuclear physics, especially as 
related to the interests of the Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory.
Grading status: Letter grade.
PHYS 896. Seminar in Particle Physics. 1-21 Credits.
Symmetries, gauge theories, asymptotic freedom, unified theories of weak and electromagnetic interactions, and recent developments in field theory.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 897. Seminar in Theoretical Physics. 1-21 Credits.
Topics from current theoretical research including, but not restricted to, field theory, particle physics, gravitation, and relativity.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 899. Seminar in Professional Practice. 1-21 Credits.
Required preparation, Ph.D. written exam passed. The role and responsibilities of a physicist in the industrial or corporate environment and as a consultant.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 901. Research. 1-21 Credits.
10 or more laboratory or computation hours a week.
Grading status: Letter grade.

PHYS 992. Master's (Non-Thesis). 3 Credits.

PHYS 993. Master's Research and Thesis. 3 Credits.

PHYS 994. Doctoral Research and Dissertation. 3 Credits.
Fall or spring. Staff.
Repeat rules: May be repeated for credit.

*The PHYS 821 and PHYS 896 sequence alternates with PHYS 822 and PHYS 823.